

< 範圍：Unit 1~Review 2 >

【劃卡代號：21】

班級：

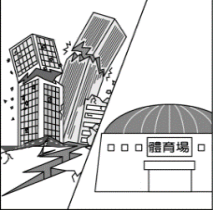
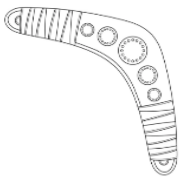

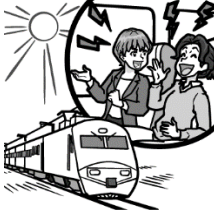
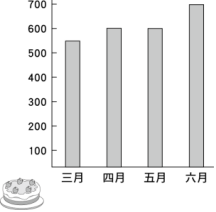
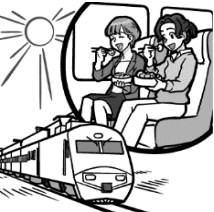

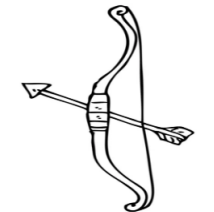

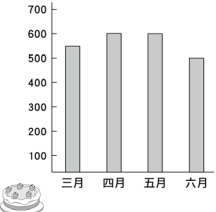
座號：

姓名：

※答案卡限用 2B 鉛筆劃記，分數以電腦讀卡分數為準。

壹、聽力測驗 30%(每題唸兩次)

A 辨識句意(請根據聽到的句子，選出符合描述的圖片) 10% (每題 2 分，共 10 分)

(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(AB)
				
(AC)	(AD)	(BC)	(BD)	(CD)
				

1. ( ) 2. ( ) 3. ( ) 4. ( ) 5. ( )

B 基本問答(請根據聽到的內容，選出最適合的回應句) 10% (每題 2 分，共 10 分)

6. (A) Yes, he will pick me up at a quarter to five.  
(B) Not yet, I have been very busy these days.  
(C) Sure. You read my mind.
7. (A) Right. That's why I didn't e-mail you.  
(B) What? I thought you sent a letter to my house.  
(C) Oh, I want to buy a new cellphone instead of keeping the old one.
8. (A) It's my pleasure!  
(B) It's wonderful that you can come.  
(C) I'm sorry to hear that. Maybe next time.
9. (A) You should check it carefully before you turn it in.  
(B) The homework is too hard to me. I need some help.  
(C) Cheer up! The good news is that you passed the test.
10. (A) Why make it so hard? Your life is good enough.  
(B) Follow your plan step by step and never change it.  
(C) Think about what you are good at. This helps you a lot.

C 言談理解(請根據聽到的內容，選出最適合的答案) 10% (每題 2 分，共 10 分)

11. (A) He was looking for Daniel on the wrong street.  
(B) He found Daniel's house, but Daniel wasn't home.  
(C) He learned that Daniel moved to a new place not long ago.
12. (A) On a train.  
(B) In a train station.  
(C) In a department store.

13. (A) Don't drive too fast.  
(B) Someone who enjoyed themselves.  
(C) Have a happy talk with friends on the way.
14. (A) He expects he will learn better by studying hard.  
(B) He is glad the girl hasn't prepared for the test yet.  
(C) He feels excited because he was invited to the factory.
15. (A) To feel proud of themselves.  
(B) To stay in shape and store food.  
(C) To get ready for the challenges of the climb.

貳、綜合測驗 70%

一、字彙及文法選擇 36% (每題 2 分，共 36 分)

- ( ) 16. I had to \_\_\_\_\_ my voice to make myself heard over the noise.  
(A) rise (B) raising (C) raise (D) rising
- ( ) 17. The university provides an online \_\_\_\_\_ in computer science, which gives an award when you finish reading.  
(A) court (B) count (C) course (D) candidate
- ( ) 18. She has been trying to \_\_\_\_\_ with him for months, but she failed to find a chance.  
(A) date (B) touch (C) please (D) marry
- ( ) 19. By now, so many terrible accidents \_\_\_\_\_ around the world! I can't help wondering \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) had happened ; what is wrong with this world ? (B) have happened ; what caused the accidents.  
(C) are happening ; how sad will the family be. (D) happened ; why could lives be lost in such a way?
- ( ) 20. Alex: I saw my cookies \_\_\_\_\_ by the mouse last night. It's time to wake up our fat cat Momo!  
Ben: \_\_\_\_\_. Momo can only make friends with the mouse like the way in the cartoon *Tom and Jerry*!  
(A) took away ; You read my mind (B) biting ; Now you are talking  
(C) eat up ; I am afraid so (D) taken away ; I can't agree less
- ( ) 21. Lisa: Stop \_\_\_\_\_ me. I knew what you did in my back and I won't trust you anymore.  
Rex: Fine! \_\_\_\_\_. Don't forget you are the one that stole my cellphone and my money without telling me!  
(A) lying to ; So can I (B) keeping in touch with ; Neither do I  
(C) pointing at ; I will, too (D) cheating on ; I won't, either
- ( ) 22. Paul: How about a game of tennis later?  
Sean: Okay. Loser has to offer lunch for a week.  
Paul: \_\_\_\_\_.  
Sean: See you in the court!  
(A) I will pass (B) It's a deal (C) Count me out (D) Leave me alone
- ( ) 23. The song "Last Christmas" \_\_\_\_\_ for too many times so far, which is why it \_\_\_\_\_ the worst song to hear during Christmas since 2015.  
(A) has been played ; has been listed as (B) has been listened to ; was called  
(C) was heard ; turns out to be (D) was covered ; has been believed as
- ( ) 24. \_\_\_\_\_ my friends are about to visit the haunted house \_\_\_\_\_ me. I am not even brave enough to see the movies alone in the dark.  
(A) Where ; worries (B) X ; excited  
(C) That ; scares (D) What ; shocked
- ( ) 25. Lisa: I can't decide on the slogan (標語) for Hong Dao 56<sup>th</sup> school anniversary!  
Irene: \_\_\_\_\_. I think either "56 同心，弘道創新" or "弘道 56，文成武就" \_\_\_\_\_ powerful and great !  
(A) So can I ; are (B) Neither can I ; sounds  
(C) Neither have I ; means (D) I can't, either ; feel

- ( ) 26. I am so tired! Actually, I \_\_\_\_\_ you reached me at 5:30 am this morning. Can I take a nap right now?  
 (A) haven't gone to bed while (B) have been keeping under my blanket until  
 (C) didn't go to bed until (D) hit the hay as soon as
- ( ) 27. The factory \_\_\_\_\_ farmers used to store cheese and make wine are used to \_\_\_\_\_ AI tools instead. How sad!  
 (A) which ; making (B) whose ; make (C) where ; make (D) of which ; be made
- ( ) 28. If John \_\_\_\_\_ by 2027, he will follow his heart to be an art dealer, someone \_\_\_\_\_ job is to make a good fortune by selling fine works.  
 (A) passes the exam ; who (B) graduated from vocational school ; of which  
 (C) finishes his art training ; whose (D) will take Art as his major ; that
- ( ) 29. Andy: Not only my classmates but also my twin brother Jack \_\_\_\_\_ to take the CAP Exam in a special area different from mine! How strange!  
 Frank: So \_\_\_\_\_ my friends Eric and Wilson because their Chinese names are spelt and written the same as mine!  
 (A) has ; has (B) have ; have (C) have ; does (D) has ; do
- ( ) 30. Cindy: Would you like French fries or potato chips to go with your steak?  
 May: Well, I am fine with \_\_\_\_\_ of them. I can't have anything unhealthy! How about some vegetables or a kiwi?  
 Cindy: Sounds great! Either of these two choices \_\_\_\_\_ you thin and fit!  
 (A) either ; make (B) neither ; makes (C) none ; keeps (D) both ; keep
- ( ) 31. Nancy is the \_\_\_\_\_ person to count on! She will share your secrets on her IG as long as she \_\_\_\_\_ attention and followers. How terrible!  
 (A) best ; attracts (B) last ; gets (C) least ; caught (D) very ; will get
- ( ) 32. Some people care about not only their career \_\_\_\_\_ their family; while \_\_\_\_\_ don't even care about their own lives and choose to fool around.  
 (A) but also ; the others (B) also ; some (C) but ; others (D) but also ; still another
- ( ) 33. Jack picked up a cellphone \_\_\_\_\_ he was taking a walk and forgot to send it to the police in time. \_\_\_\_\_ the police caught him at night, he was scared and shocked. How poor! He should be given a chance to explain!  
 (A) when ; While (B) while ; When (C) as soon as ; Until (D) when ; As soon as

二、片語選填：以下第 34-38 題，請依照文意選出適當的片語；每個片語只使用一次。（每題 2 分，共 10 分）

(A) left for	(B) look up	(C) came up with	(D) talk into	(AB) left
(AC) get along with	(AD) take on	(BC) make up	(BD) depend on	(CD) focus on

Anna was at a crossroads; she couldn't \_\_\_\_\_ 34. \_\_\_\_\_ her mind on whether to quit her job or stick to her stand. She decided to tidy up her desk to have a clear view for her next step. This simple action brought her peace. After that, Anna \_\_\_\_\_ 35. \_\_\_\_\_ the park to clear her mind. Sitting on a bench under a tall tree, she \_\_\_\_\_ 36. \_\_\_\_\_ ideas about her future. After she felt prepared, Anna knew she could \_\_\_\_\_ 37. \_\_\_\_\_ life's challenges one step at a time. She knew that she should \_\_\_\_\_ 38. \_\_\_\_\_ finding a way to realize her dreams.

三、篇章分析及閱讀 16% (每題 2 分, 共 16 分)



Have you ever tried having afternoon tea with your friends in a beautiful garden or even a hotel? Do you know how to tell the difference between afternoon tea and high tea?

Although many Americans mistake high tea for afternoon tea, they are actually two very different traditions in British culture, even though both are made up of a meal with tea.

39. \_\_\_\_\_, high tea is actually just dinner for the working-class people after a long day of hard work at a high table around five o'clock or later. In the UK, high tea is a tradition that was served 'High' at a high table with high back chairs. It was usually a hearty meal of meat or fish, bread, potatoes, vegetables, and a pot of tea to drink. It would feed the people who had been working hard all day. Today, we know this as 'dinner' or 'supper' to make you full.

Afternoon tea, 40. \_\_\_\_\_, was served to people of upper-class like queens or kings to bridge the hunger gap between meals because their dinner time would be much later in the evening. It was served at a low table rather than a high table. Afternoon tea includes delicate food like little sandwiches, scones and cupcakes. The correct way to eat them is to eat from the bottom to the top.

Though 41. \_\_\_\_\_ afternoon tea and high tea are served in the afternoon, the time they are served makes them different. Afternoon tea is served around 4 pm, while high tea is more likely to be served later in the afternoon (around 5-7 pm).

42. \_\_\_\_\_, the greatest difference between them has something to do with their names. High tea was served at a high table and that's why it's called a high tea. 43. \_\_\_\_\_, afternoon tea is also known as 'low tea' because it was served at a low table.

Today, both high tea and afternoon tea have the same purpose, to keep you in touch with family and friends. They are enjoyed by everyone, no matter their social class.



- ( ) 39. (A) What's more (B) Instead (C) For example (D) To put it simply
- ( ) 40. (A) on the one hand (B) in addition (C) on the other hand (D) on the same page
- ( ) 41. (A) either (B) neither (C) none (D) both
- ( ) 42. (A) Later (B) However (C) Last but not least (D) In the long run
- ( ) 43. (A) In the same way (B) However (C) In addition (D) After all
- ( ) 44. Look at the picture on your right, what should be the right order to eat your afternoon tea from top to bottom?  
 (A) First → Second → Third (B) Third → Second → First  
 (C) Second → First → Third (D) First → Third → Second
- ( ) 45. What is the best title of the article?  
 (A) Happy hour! It's time to drink!  
 (B) "High or Low", that's the difference!  
 (C) The pros and cons of enjoying tea!  
 (D) Bon Appétit! Time for feast!
- ( ) 46. Which is correct according to the article?  
 (A) Both afternoon tea and high tea have cakes as their main course.  
 (B) The tables to have tea at must be high to show you are people of high class.  
 (C) The type of people that enjoy afternoon tea are mainly from working class.  
 (D) Not only the tea but also the order to eat the food during tea time matters a lot.





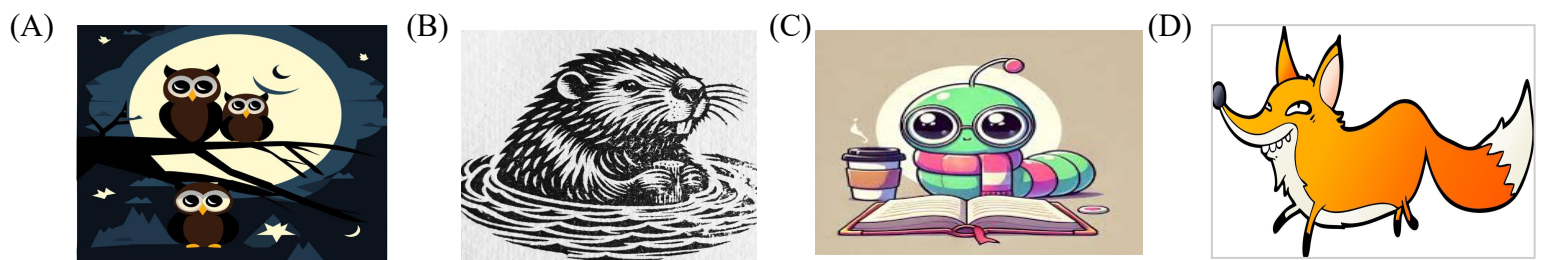
四、閱讀測驗 Reading Comprehension: 8% (每題 2 分，共 8 分)

Are you interested in languages? In English, we use a lot of idioms to make our daily talk more interesting and cuter. Some idioms are funny, some are emotional, and some can be strange. For example, when I don't follow rules or do the right thing as my mom orders me to, I am called "**the black sheep of the family**", which means I am the one to blame because I bring bad names and trouble to my good family. However, when I try my best and work really hard, my mom will praise me as a **workhorse**. My friends also call me an **eager beaver** because I am not only hardworking but also excited about my work. But they don't know I am as tired as an **old dog**.

These days I've built a bad habit of staying up late. As a **night owl**, I keep reading and don't go to bed until midnight. People call me a **bookworm**. What they don't know is that I keep reading books of Sherlock Holmes, the most famous detective I've ever seen. He was a character created by the great author Conan Doyle. I want to see how Sherlock Holmes **nails** the bad guys easily. The bad guys are called the **sneaky people** because they are as sly as snakes. Hope that you are not tricked into their lies. Sherlock Holmes is so smart that he will never let these sneaky people get away with the crime. People call Sherlock Holmes a smart "**egghead**!" I want to be an egghead someday and see the bad guys punished. So, I need to **polish** my English, work harder, and hopefully someday, I might become "**the big cheese**." Yes, you know that, a big shot, a VIP, a very important person!

- ( ) 47. What does **nail** mean according to the reading?
- (A) Emily enjoys being the center of spotlight! She colors her ten nails with ten different colors.  
 (B) My mom punished me for being the black sheep of the family. She cut my nails so short that I couldn't bite them.  
 (C) I nailed the tricky math question in time! You can call me an egghead because it's a piece of cake for me!  
 (D) Please nail this poster on the wall, will you? I see you have long nails to do it quickly!

- ( ) 48. Which may the people look like when you call them "**sneaky**" ?



- ( ) 49. Gem is having a talk with Alice. Which is true about Gem's boss?

Gem: I really don't get my boss! He told me to "**lay my cards on the table**" in the meeting!  
 Alice: Oh, he wanted you to tell him everything you know.  
 Gem: Right! But then he told me to "**cut the chase**!" I don't even know what to cut!  
 Alice: Oh! That means to get straight to the point!  
 Gem: But then he told Jack to **call a spade a spade**. I guess he wasn't really talking about spades, right?  
 Alice: Not at all! It just means he is mad because Jack is not totally honest with him. And BTW, you really need to **brush up on** your English!  
 Gem: Yeah! I guess you are not really talking about brushes, are you?

- (A) He works hard as a night owl, and he is good at playing cards.  
 (B) He runs his big company well as an eager beaver.  
 (C) He thinks Jack is fooling around playing cards without telling him.  
 (D) He thinks Gem can do better by telling him everything fast and clearly.

- ( ) 50. Which of the following **doesn't** mean the same as the idiom "brush up on?"
- (A) give up on      (B) work on      (C) polish      (D) practice

